

## Practice Workbook 3

### Complete Subjects and Complete Predicates

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There are two main parts to every sentence: a subject and a predicate.

The **complete subject** of a sentence includes all the words that tell whom or what the sentence is about.

The **complete predicate** of a sentence includes all the words that tell what the subject does or is .

The class	needed new gym equipment.
V	V
<b>complete subject</b>	<b>complete predicate</b>

There can be one word or many words in the complete subject or complete predicate.

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Underline the complete subject once and the complete predicate twice.

1. The students in Ms. Wren's class wanted to make some money.
2. They discussed many different ideas.
3. Martha suggested a car wash.
4. Jim and Jose' agreed.
5. Greg and Mark wanted a bake sale.
6. Some students asked questions.
7. Ms. Wren had an idea, too.
8. She collected old newspapers.
9. Some paper mills recycled paper.
10. The manager of the paper mill paid for every pound of paper.
11. The class was excited.
12. Ms. Wren had a good idea.
13. Everyone brought in their old newspapers.
14. The papers piled up.
15. Mr. Ortiz collected the paper bundles.
16. He loaded them into his truck and took them to the paper mill.
17. The paper was worth more than fifty dollars.
18. The students looked through the gym equipment catalog.